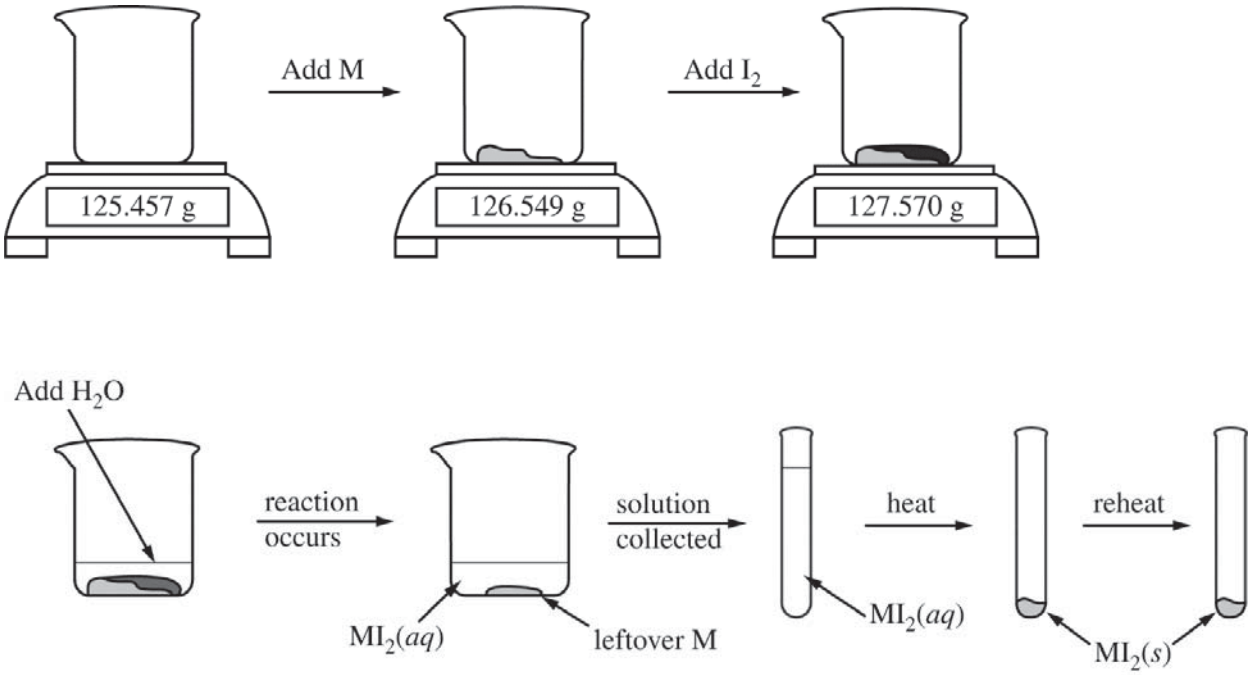
$$M + I_2 \rightarrow MI_2$$

3. To determine the molar mass of an unknown metal, M, a student reacts iodine with an excess of the metal to form the water-soluble compound MI_2, as represented by the equation above. The reaction proceeds until all of the I_2 is consumed. The $MI_2(aq)$ solution is quantitatively collected and heated to remove the water, and the product is dried and weighed to constant mass. The experimental steps are represented below, followed by a data table.



Data for Unknown Metal Lab	
Mass of beaker	125.457 g
Mass of beaker + metal M	126.549 g
Mass of beaker + metal M + I_2	127.570 g
Mass of MI_2, first weighing	1.284 g
Mass of MI_2, second weighing	1.284 g

(a) Given that the metal M is in excess, calculate the number of moles of I_2 that reacted.

(b) Calculate the molar mass of the unknown metal M.

The student hypothesizes that the compound formed in the synthesis reaction is ionic.

(c) Propose an experimental test the student could perform that could be used to support the hypothesis. Explain how the results of the test would support the hypothesis if the substance was ionic.

The student hypothesizes that Br_2 will react with metal M more vigorously than I_2 did because Br_2 is a liquid at room temperature.

(d) Explain why I_2 is a solid at room temperature whereas Br_2 is a liquid. Your explanation should clearly reference the types and relative strengths of the intermolecular forces present in each substance.

While cleaning up after the experiment, the student wishes to dispose of the unused solid I_2 in a responsible manner. The student decides to convert the solid I_2 to $I^-(aq)$ anion. The student has access to three solutions, $H_2O_2(aq)$, $Na_2S_2O_3(aq)$, and $Na_2S_4O_6(aq)$, and the standard reduction table shown below.

Half reaction	$E°$ (V)
$S_4O_6^{2-}(aq) + 2\ e^- \rightarrow 2\ S_2O_3^{2-}(aq)$	0.08
$I_2(s) + 2\ e^- \rightarrow 2\ I^-(aq)$	0.54
$O_2(g) + 2\ H^+(aq) + 2\ e^- \rightarrow H_2O_2(aq)$	0.68

(e) Which solution should the student add to $I_2(s)$ to reduce it to $I^-(aq)$? Circle your answer below. Justify your answer, including a calculation of $E°$ for the overall reaction.

$H_2O_2(aq)$ $Na_2S_2O_3(aq)$ $Na_2S_4O_6(aq)$

(f) Write the balanced net-ionic equation for the reaction between I_2 and the solution you selected in part (e).